THURSDAY, *April* 14, 1768. THE [NUMB. 101.]

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES, but Influenced by NONE.

The REPORT *of the* COMMITTEE *of the present* STATE *of the* TREASURY.

THE Committee appointed to examine into the ſtate of the funds ariſing from the ſeveral duties and taxes impoſed and appropriated to the redemption of the Treaſury notes, as alſo to ſtate an account of the money due from the late Treaſurer's eſtate, and the arrears due from the ſeveral collectors of the taxes, have had the ſame under their conſideration, and agreed upon the following report.

Your Committee find that the ſeveral grants made by the General Aſſembly of this colony for the ſupport of the late war, and other neceſſary purpoſes of Government, from the year 1754, to 1762, inclusive, amount to £. 539,962. 10.

That of the Treaſury notes emitted, purſuant to the ſeveral acts of Aſſembly, there had been burnt, prior to the meeting of this ſeſſion, the ſum of £. 369,542 : 13 : 11, ſo that there then remained in circulation, the ſum of £. 170,419 : 16 : 1.

It appears to your Committee, that the debt due from the eſtate of the late Treaſurer, for the ſeveral taxes received by him, including intereſt to the 10th of next month, amounts to £. 109,335 : 9 : 2. It likewiſe appears to them, that the arrears due from the ſeveral collectors are as follows; that is, from different ſheriffs, for the land and poll tax, and the tax on wheel carriages, the ſum of £. 55,749 : 11 : 11, from the Inſpectors, for the duty of 2s. *per* hogſhead on tobacco, the ſum of £. 2911 : 14, and from the county court clerks, for the tax on writs and ordinary licences, the ſum of £. 1490 : 4 : 4. Your Committee have this day burnt ſundry old Treaſury notes, to the amount of £. 638 : 14; and have ſtated an account of theſe ſeveral matters, by which it will appear, that, if the different ſums above-mentioned were paid into the Treaſury, there would remain due from the public, excluſive of the Treaſurer's commiſſions, the ſum of £. 294 : 2 : 8, and no more.

Your Committee beg leave to obſerve, that in the foregoing eſtimate, they have not valued the country upon the additional duty of ſlaves, which was likewiſe appropriated to the redemption of the Treaſury notes, as that article was very inconſiderable the laſt, and probably will be leſs in future years; neither have they taken into the account ſuch Treaſury notes, as may have been loſt and deſtroyed, which they believe will be found to be very conſiderable.

Your Committee, upon examining the different balances due from ſeveral of the collectors, are apprehenſive that ſome of them will be loſt, but to what amount they cannot determine, although they are humbly of opinion, that, if the duty on tobacco, the taxes on carriages, writs, and ordinary licences, are continued for two years longer, they will be abundantly ſufficient to make good every deficiency.

It appears to your Committee, that, of the balance formerly reported due to the public account from the late Treaſurer, his adminiſtrators have paid the ſum of £. 4987 : 4 : 4, and that there ſtill remains due to that fund, including intereſt to this time, the balance of £987 : 13 : 8.

Your Committee, in obedience to the order of the Houſe, have alſo examined the Treaſurer's accounts to the preſent, and having compared them with his vouchers, find that they are properly and juſtly ſtated; that there was then in his hands the balance of £. 671 : 8 : 7, received for taxes, of which we have burnt the before-mentioned ſum of £. 638 : 14; and there is due to the public account the balance of £. 147 : 7 : 4; which ſeveral balances the Treaſurer produced to us, and they ſtill remain to be accounted for at a future day.

Dr. - - - *The Colony of* VIRGINIA, *for Redemption of Treaſury Notes.* - - - Cr.

	l.	s.				
			By ſundry notes burnt before the 1ſt of APRIL, 1767, as by the Committee's report,	326191	18	2
			By do. that day,	2225	3	
			By do. ſince,	41125	12	9
			By balance now in circulation,	170419	16	1
To the ſeveral grants from 1754, to 1762, inclusive,			£. 539962-10-0			
			By the late Treaſurer's debt, including intereſt to MAY next,	109335	9	2
			By arrears due from the ſeveral collectors for land and poll tax, and tax on wheel carriages,	55749	11	11
			By do. due from the Inſpectors,	2911	14	
			By do. from county court clerks,	1490	4	4
			APRIL 6, 1768. By notes burnt by the Committee,	638	14	
			Balance	294	2	8
To balance			£. 170419-16-1			
To balance			£. 294-2-8			

MONITOR VIII.

Nil ſine magno
Vita labore dedit mortalibus. *

GO to the ant, thou ſluggard, and learn her ways, ſayth the wiſdom of SOLOMON; and never was there any people, or any time, in which ſuch a leſſon was more neceſſary, more beneficial. This is the period, in which our happineſs, our liberties, depend in a great meaſure, on our induſtry in manufacturing for ourſelves, the neceſſaries of life. So far, the firſt of all charities, † the preſervation of our country demands; that we may not be under a dangerous and ſlaviſh dependance on any other people. To urge manufactures further at preſent, with a view of diſtreſſing *Great-Britain*, more than is abſolutely requiſite to our own welfare, is what I do not wiſh to ſee; it is abhorrent totally from my heart, and I hope from thoſe of all my countrymen. I love, I revere, *Great-Britain*, her hiſtory is the illuſtrious record of heroes and patriots; her cliffs are the venerable ramparts of freedom. Never did any people ſo long preſerve ſuch an uniform character for bravery, wiſdom and virtue; and above all for an invincible ſpirit of liberty. Never did any people better deſerve the bleſſings ſhe beſtows. Who then could behold without concern, without the deepeſt concern, this glorious bulwark of civil and religious liberties, crumbled into duſt, by the unrelenting averſion of her colonies. For ſure I am, that it is in the power of theſe colonies, to work the fall of *Britain*, by unremitting induſtry in manufactures; I am ſure, upon the matureſt reflection, ſhe is ſo dependant on *America* for ſupport, that without it, ſhe muſt ſpeedily ſink, with all her bluſhing honours, into ruin. The balance of trade is againſt her in *Europe*; *America* and *India*, reimburſe and ſuſtain her; but without the former, the latter would be very unequal to her ſupport. With the political, as well as the natural body, the ſeeds of inevitable diſſolution, are incorporated; bravery, conqueſt, riches, luxury, anarchy, ruin; behold the fated courſe, which the beſt conſtituted governments muſt run. ‡ To this fate, *Britain* herſelf, great, glorious, mighty as ſhe is, muſt come; ‖ periſh the kindred hand that would wantonly precipitate her fall! The part of *Britiſh* liberty, which we have hitherto enjoyed, has been ſufficient to make us, though ſubordinate, a flouriſhing and happy people; let us wait with pious patience, till this courſe of nature ſhall gently relieve us from this ſubordination, and beſtow upon *America*, that full inheritance of liberty, which is her birthright indeed, but which, as the younger branch, ſhe cannot yet claim without impious violence. Be it our care to vindicate our juſt rights, to pay that due reverence to the *Britiſh* conſtitution of preſerving it here, in its fundamental rights, at leaſt (taxation by repreſentation, trial by jury, and habeas corpus) inviolate, that *Britain* may riſe, like a phœnix from her aſhes, to liberty and glory in *America*. Liſten not my dear countrymen, to thoſe who would incite you (if there be any ſuch) to relinquiſh your connection with *Great-Britain*. No wound can be inflicted on her, at which our own blood will not iſſue, a thouſand tendereſt ſtrings of our hearts will be on the rack, when we are diſſevered from her, and the violence will make us bleed at every pore. Juſt, amiable, generous and brave, as the people of *Britain* are, nothing would move me to any conteſt with them, but that great cauſe, to which every other intereſt muſt yield ſubordinate, *the cauſe of liberty*.

Let me now take leave to propoſe the following form of aſſociation for the encouragement of *American* manufactures.

We the underwritten do agree, and ſolemnly promiſe to prefer on every occaſion, the manufactures of America, *to thoſe of every other country; and to promote with the utmoſt of our abilities*, American *manufactures, ſo far as to furniſh ourſelves with the neceſſaries of life.*

The beneficial influence of aſſociations, and inſtitutions of the ſame kind, on the progreſs of manufactures, has been too often experienced to be now queſtioned. The linen-hall at *Dublin*, and wiſe regulations attentively purſued, have brought the linen-manufacture in *Ireland*, to a ſtate as flouriſhing as it is beneficial. The board for the improvement of fiſheries and manufactures in *Scotland*, conſtituted in the year 1727, aided by a national ſpirit, in which we are rather too deficient, have brought the manufacture of linen there, in a few years, to great perfection. "They, ſays an approved writer on bleaching, ¶ have with unwearied and diſintereſted zeal, contributed in a very great meaſure to raiſe and direct a ſpirit of induſtry among us, by their own example, by their experience; by adopting the experience of our neighbours, and by diſtributing with great prudence, thoſe ſmall funds, intruſted by the government, for their management."

Have not we, in this colony, a committee for the ſame purpoſe? What prevents their imitating this lauable example? The ſupplying ourſelves with linen, would be highly advantageous to us, without interfering with the manufactures of *Great-Britain*; nay, we might make it a part of our export, in return for thoſe commodities we may receive from her. This would ſave her a large balance, paid to foreigners, for their linen. If my memory does not fail me, a computation I received from one of the commiſſioners of the linen-company in *Scotland*, made *Britain* debtor for much more than half of what ſhe conſumed, and Mr. *Gee*, makes the balance of trade with *Germany*, *Flanders*, and *Ruſſia*, for this article, to amount to near one million annually againſt *Britain*. We have therefore an ample field before us, to animate and reward our induſtry, in purſuing this ſingle branch of manufactures.

There are many people, who ſeem to think the attempt of manufacturing, even neceſſaries for ourſelves, too arduous, to be ſucceſsful. But certainly, they whoſe incitements are great, will overcome difficulties, which to the unanimated, appear unſurmountable. And can there be greater incitements, than the vindicating our liberties, and maintaining a juſt independance of grinding extortion, and arbitrary impoſitions. Were we once determined upon the attempt, all difficulties would vaniſh; for what is there too laborious to be accompliſhed by the foſtering care and wiſdom of the legiſlature, by a judicious diſtribution of public and private bounties, by giving attention and encouragement to every uſeful project, by wiſdom in planning, by induſtry, unanimity, and ſpirit in execution? The example of the Gentlemen will inſtruct and encourage the poor; and aſſociations for the uſe of *American* manufactures, will hold up to them a ſure reward for their induſtry and labour. Theſe colonies, like all young countries, abound in children; every individual of which may, from the time they are able to move their hands or feet, be employed in manufactures of various kinds. One may ſee in the manufactoreis of *England*, the young, the decrepid, and the old people performing taſks proportioned to their abilities, with great utility. In the Foundling Hoſpital, every female child is ſeen knitting, ſewing, or ſpinning; every male at the loom, or ſome other uſeful occupation. In this colony, we have numbers of Negro children, and ſuperannuated field negroes, who are rather an expence than profit; though they are perfectly fit for manufactures, and might be engaged in them much to the advantage of their maſters. There are ſome worthily induſtrious Gentlemen among us, who, the laſt year cloathed entirely upwards of an hundred of their people with the labour chiefly of theſe, otherwiſe, uſeleſs hands. It is true, induſtry, great induſtry, is neceſſary to make manufactures proſper among us; they will never be accompliſhed by the ſlothful man, who, to ſpeak in the emphatical language of *Solomon*, ſitteth with his hand in his boſom, and will not ſo much as lift it up to his forehead; or lieth in his bed, crying there is a lion in the way, he will devour me. Slothfulneſs, is at all times injurious to a ſtate; but at this period, it may be quickly and vitally pernicious.

Wherefore let every man bear in his mind, this admonition of a judicious poet,

Vitanda eſt improbus ſyren ———
Deſidia ——— ——— ——— ———

Sloth, that baneful ſyren, muſt be ſhunn'd.

* *Every purſuit in life, requires induſtry.*

† *In iſta autem communitate. Sunt gradus officiorum, ex quibus quid cuique præſtat, intelligi poſſit; ut prima dis immortalibus, ſe proxima patriæ, tertia parentibus, deinceps gradatim reliquis debeantur.*

CICERO.

‡ *Les conquetes avoient engendre le luxe & ce luxe eſt toujours l'avant coureur de la chute des empires. Valeur, conquetes, luxe, anarchie, voila le cercle fatal & les differens periodes de la vie politique de preſque tous les etats.*

Voyage de Cyrus, p. 3.

‖ *As all human things have an end, the ſtate we are ſpeaking of* (England) *will loſe its liberty, will periſh; have not* Rome, Sparta, *and* Carthage *periſhed? It will periſh, when the* legiſlative *power ſhall become more* corrupt *than the executive.*

MONTESQUIEU.

¶ FRANCIS HOME, M. D.

To Miſs F——on, *in the* COUNTRY.

FROM town where nought but ſpleen, and ſpite,
And ſcandals dire prevail,
My muſe retreats, and in her flight,
To thee directs her tale.
To you, who free from hateful ſtrife,
Paſs the gay hours away,
Enjoying ſtill new ſweets of life,
With each ſucceeding day:
Whilſt we, involv'd in broils and fends,
Of evils ſure the worſt;
So fill'd with ideots, pimps, and prudes,
We're doom'd to be accurs'd.
Pandora's box, I muſt confeſs,
I think was open'd here;
For where's the place from eaſt to weſt,
Where greater plagues appear?
Whilſt P——w——n, happy, happy place,
With joyous concord rings;
There ſcandal dares not ſhew her face,
Nor ſpread her ſable wings.
But all is calm, ſerene, and gay,
Quite free from care and ſtrife;
Grant me, ye GODS, while live I may,
Juſt ſuch a ſcene of life!

LONDON, *December* 31.

WE are informed that the following are part of the circumſtances relating to the inveigling away and ill-treating a reputable houſekeeper's daughter.—Upon the 16th of this month a well dreſſed woman, with a man who ſince appears to be a Jew, went to the ſhop kept by this young woman and her ſiſter, who bore unblemiſhed characters in the millinery buſineſs; and after paying for ſome goods they had purchaſed, they pretended that a Lady of fortune wanted a conſiderable quantity of millinery goods, and inveigled the young woman to the houſe of a great man: here ſhe waited a long time, expecting to ſee the Lady, but at laſt; inſtead thereof, ſhe was accoſted by the great man, who began to treat her in ſuch a manner, as gave her the firſt alarm of her unfortunate ſituation; at this houſe ſhe was kept ſeveral days, during which time ſhe refuſed all ſuſtenance, or once going to reſt, for fear of the conſequences, which ſoon after happened. Her ſeducers finding ſhe could not eaſily be brought to their wicked purpoſes, notwithſtanding all the great promiſes made her, therefore privately conveyed her down to the great man's country ſeat; where, after uſing every probable art and ſtratagem that could be invented to procure her own conſent to be debauched, they at laſt ſtripped her naked, and forcibly put her in bed to her raviſher. In the mean time, the parents and friends of this unhappy young woman were greatly alarmed at her long abſence, as it was only pretended ſhe was to go as far as Shoreditch: And, notwithſtanding the ſtricteſt ſearch for many days they could not gain the ſmalleſt intelligence of her ſituation. However, a very few days ſince a Bank note was ſent from an unknown perſon to the young woman's father, and a letter, in which it was declared ſhe was well in health, but not the leaſt hint of the place of her reſidence was given. From ſome circumſtances, however, attending the receipt of this letter, and other informations, the young woman's place of confinement was firſt found out, and afterwards the whole ſcene of iniquity was diſcovered; and thereupon, laſt Tueſday, purſuant to an order obtained from Lord Mansfield, her keeper was obliged to deliver her up to her afflicted parents. Upon the young woman's releaſe, information on oath was directly made before Sir John Fielding of the above particulars, and, in conſequence thereof, warrants being iſſued out againſt all the parties concerned in this affair, the wicked woman who firſt inveigled the young woman from her houſe, was laſt Tueſday night ſecured, and being carried before Sir John, an Attorney appeared in her behalf, and offered any bail that ſhould be required; but this being juſtly refuſed, ſhe

was committed to prison. Endeavours have also been and are still using to bring to justice all the parties in this wicked, vile transaction.

Jan. 14. As a reply to the several paragraphs in this and other papers, relating to the treatment of a young lady by a great man, and to prevent groundless insinuations spreading in various companies, we are desired to assure the impatient public, that no terms of compromise have or will be accepted by the young lady and her father. She therefore, in justice to herself and her sex, is determined that the prosecution begun shall be carried on with spirit and resolution. No letters or paragraphs have been sent either to this or any other papers to be published, by Miss W—— or any of her relations or intimate friends. It is far from their intentions to prepossess the public; the cause of truth and virtue need no such support. They only desire to refer the matter to a public trial.

It is said that the great man, who has lately violated the honour of a virgin, has proposed to compromise the matter by an offer of 5000l. in money, or a settlement of 200l. per ann.

It is said that no less than 15,000l. bail was offered in behalf of one of the parties concerned in a late affair; but, to the honor of the able Magistrate before whom she was carried refused.

We are assured by a correspondent, that Lord B. is now at Orleans in France; he adds, "his L—p will be indicted at Kingston Assizes, and if he does not appear, he will of course be outlawed, and his estates escheated to the Crown."

So great is the scarcity of votes in the present contests for members, that we are informed a candidate gave no less than 1000l. a few days since, for the fore horse of a waggon, whose owner has a voice in a certain uncorrupt borough.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, Secretary of State for the American Colonies has appointed —Phelps, Esq; to be his Secretary, and Mr. Pollock to be his first clerk in the said department.

They write from Northampton, that on the 3d instant, between Twelve and One in the Morning, an Earthquake was felt at Crick, in that county, which shook the houses very much, and lasted about a minute and three quarters. The same was also felt at Welford, Naseby, and several other places.

On monday last died at Mitcham, in Surry, Mrs. Hutchins, who about three months ago was bit by a mad cat; she went to the salt water to be dipped, but finding herself better, she was not dipped as was advised; the neglect proved fatal, and she died in great agonies.

A letter from Paris says, "A most daring robber who has for some time infested the neighbourhood of this capital, begins now greatly to alarm the city, where murders are frequently committed. This villain is said to have a numerous gang under him, whose first proceeding, in the robberies they meditate, is to knock down and dispatch their object with a club armed with long iron spikes. A few days ago the dead body of an officer was found in a ditch near the square of Lewis XV. with the skull pierced in two places. Several other bodies have since been found. The chief of this band, it is said (who calls himself Pierrotin), has wrote to the principal members of the Police, that he has under his command upwards of 300 men, whom misery had engaged, like him, to undertake any thing, and that he is determined to sell his life dearly."

We are told that in case a certain great man is convicted of a certain crime, there is no expectation of his obtaining a pardon.

The Queen of France is in such a bad way, that her Physicians begin to be doubtful of her recovery.

Jan. 26. *Yesterday upwards of 30 sail of corn vessels, detained down the river by the late frost, came up above Iron-Gate, and began to deliver their cargoes.*

It is said the Secretary of State for the plantations will have the appointment of all the packets to his Majesty's islands and colonies in North-America.

Robert Wood, Esq; Member for Brackley in Northamptonshire, and William Fraser, Esq; are appointed Joint-Secretaries to Lord Viscount Weymouth, since his being appointed Secretary of State for the Northern department.

We hear a committee of the principal merchants trading to North America, will this week attend the levee of the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough, Secretary of State for the colonies, on affairs of importance.

WILLIAMSBURG, *April* 14.

Capt. PETER POYTHRESS is returned a Burgess for *Prince George* county, in the room of Col. ALEXANDER BOLLING, deceased.

The Rev. Mr. WILLIAM DUNLAP, late of *Philadelphia*, is chosen by the vestry, Minister of *Stratton Major* parish, in *King and Queen* county.

On *Saturday* morning died in an advanced age, in this city, Mrs. MARY PRENTIS; who was distinguished for her unaffected piety and benevolence.

The Answer of His Honour the President, to the Address of the House of Burgesses.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Burgesses,

I THANK you heartily for your kind congratulations on my re-accession to the administration of the government, on our late great loss, not sufficiently to be lamented. Your dutiful and zealous behaviour, on all former occasions for the honour and true interest of his Majesty, and his people of this colony (which never can, without dire effects, be separated) assures me that the same undivided interest will now, on this occasion, be the pole star to direct in your deliberations on the weighty affairs you have before you.

The following was designed for the last paper; but came too late.

The analytic rebus answered by A. B.

To ALGEBRAICUS.

INGENIOUS *youth, declare the truth,*
(Your rebus thus I'll prove)
When SALLY NICHOLAS *appears*
Can you forbear to love?
If you can twine her heart with thine,
As indices with letters,
You may be blest; but do not jest,
For love sometimes has fetters.

ELEGY.

An che in van per me pietoso, &c.

TIME, in pity to my woes,
Swiftly thro' the zodiack flies;
All, with him, to *Lethe* goes,
But my grief his pow'r defies.

II.

Quick he bears me from the scene
Where my charmer ceas'd to be:
Years of sorrow roll between,
What are years to grief and me?

III.

Hastening on his rapid race,
Time in vain would succour bring:
Mem'ry, quite as swift of pace,
Ever hovers on his wing.

IV.

Memory, to my peace unkind,
Views, with keen retorted eye,
All, that e'er distress'd my mind,
Urg'd the tear, or warm'd the sigh.

V.

Cease, O memory, cease thy flight,
Clog no more the wings of time,
Nor, to coming age, unite
The dire tortures of my prime.

ACROSTICK.

COME on with your buskins, ye bachelors gay,
And, mounting your nags, to *Leak*'s gallop away.
There all, that's enchanting, one virgin combines——
Honey tempts on her lips, in her eyes Heaven shines,
Ease marks every motion, and all, that she says,
Reason bears with applause, as with care prudence weighs.
Ingenious, beyond all her sex, and more fair,
No dolt need bestride his bay gelding for her.
Engagements for life, are of weighty concern;
She ne'er will engage with a prospect to mourn.
Who gains her at last, may be thankful indeed,
And fruitful in Angels, God grant be his bed,
Ne'er scruple, young couple, *his* law to obey;
No time must be lost: The sun shines, make your hay.

M.

ACROSTICK.

NO, never shall my muse, in sounding verse,
Assert old *Cytherea*'s sulty praise;
No fleeting beauties glitter in her lays:
Curious she loves themes worthier to rehearse——
You'll own, wit, virtue, better edge the lays:
Much upon *Athol*'s fair, the muse might speak,
Upon her glossy hair, and rosy cheek:
Repose be to such medes. Her serious song
Renders to merit, what is merit's due;
And gives perfections, which endure so long,
Ye merely fair, what she withholds from you.

G.

Westmoreland, April 10, 1768.

THOSE who are indebted to the estate of Col. JOHN LEE, deceased, are requested to be punctual in making payment, according to the conditions of the sale, that I may have it in my power to satisfy the creditors (to whom I am much obliged for their long patience and forbearance. Mr. JOHN LEE, in *Essex* county, will settle with, and give proper discharges to the debtors, and pay off the creditors as expeditiously as the former will put it in his power.

MARY LEE, acting Executrix.

PETERSBURG, *April* 13, 1768.

THE subscriber intending for BRITAIN the ensuing Fall, takes this *early* opportunity to make it known to his several customers, that he desires they will not fail to be punctual in the discharge of the respective sums due to him.——And where the general run of disappointments will disenable them to comply with this request, they must be *ready* to give bond with approved security, if they expect to be treated with any favour or indulgence.

Those too, who are indebted to GLOVER and BILL, of *Bristol*, are also desired to make immediate remittances, or to settle and make payment to (their agent)

ROBERT DEAN.

N. B. He has some *European* goods *lately* imported, which he would be glad to part with, on very *easy* terms to the purchaser.

ANY person in quality of a servant, desirous of going to *England*, may have his passage paid for his attendance on a Gentleman during the voyage. Apply to the Printer hereof.

To be SOLD *by virtue of deeds of trust, at the town of* Dumfries *in* Prince William *county, on* Monday *the 6th day of* JUNE *next, to the highest bidder, the following tracts of land,* viz.

ABOUT 470 acres, whereon Col. *Henry Peyton* now lives. This tract lies in *Prince William*, within 18 miles of *Dumfries* and *Colchester*, is level, the soil good, well watered, joining upon *Broad-Run* a considerable distance, has a valuable grist-mill upon it, convenient houses, and upwards of 100 acres of cleared land, in good order for either planting or farming.

Two hundred and twelve acres lying upon the same run, about a mile higher up, great part of which is valuable low ground. There is also on this, a considerable quantity of cleared land and several houses.

One hundred acres lying upon the branches of *Lucky-Run*, in the same county.

Seventeen hundred and ten acres lying upon *Little* river, in the county of *Fauquier*, on which is a large proportion of meadow land, and not above 45 miles from navigation.

Two hundred and fifty-four acres in the said county of *Fauquier*, in which the said *Peyton* is tenant by the courtesy.

And 293 acres in the county of *Frederick*. Twelve months credit will be given, the purchasers entering into bond, with sufficient security. Five *per cent.* discounted for ready money.

CUTHBERT BULLITT.

By PERMISSION
Of the Worshipful the MAYOR of
WILLIAMSBURG,
At the old THEATRE, near the CAPITOL,
By the VIRGINIA COMPANY of
COMEDIANS,
On Friday, being the 15th Instant, will be performed a TRAGEDY, called
The Orphan, or the Unhappy Marriage.

Acasto,	Mr. Bromadge.
Castalio,	Mr. Verling.
Polydore,	Mr. Parker.
Chamont,	Mr. Godwin.
Chaplain.	Mr. Charlton.
Ernesto,	Mr. Walker.
Page,	Miss Dowthaitt.
Monimia,	Mrs. Osborne.
Serina,	Mrs. Parker.
Maid,	Mrs. Dowthaitt.

After the Play, a new Comic Dance, call'd,
The Bedlamites.

Bedlamite,	Mr. Godwin.
Mad Doctor,	Mr. Charlton.
Simon,	Mr. Walker.

To which will be added, (the second Night) a Pantomime Entertainment, in which will be introduced a new Scene not before presented, called,
Harlequin Skeleton, or the Burgomaster trick'd.
HARLEQUIN, by Mr. GODWIN.

Pantaloon,	Mr. Verling.
Conjurer,	Mr. Bromadge.
Merchant,	Mr. Walker.
Frenchman,	Mr. Charlton.
Clown,	Mr. Parker.
Scaramouch,	Mr. Walker.

COLUMBINE, by Mrs. PARKER.

Tickets to be had of Mr. *William Rueffil*, at his Store, next door to the Post-Office, and at the door of the Theatre.

Boxes 7/6. Pit 5/. Gallery 3/9.

N. B. No person whatever can be admitted behind the Scenes.

Norfolk, April 6, 1768.

A SMALL sheeted box, marked I D, and a cask of nails, marked I M in a diamond, and below the diamond with a D, imported from *Glasgow* some time ago, and sent from *James* river to the care of the subscriber, without saying who they were for. Those whose property they are may have them, paying the expence of advertising.

ARCHIBALD WHITE

THIS is to request the favour of all my creditors, to meet me at the brick house of Mr. *Gabriel Maupin*, in *Williamsburg*, the 2d day of next month, as I intend to execute a deed of trust to some Gentlemen approved by my creditors, to vest my estate in, the profits of which are to be applied to the payment of my debts, in proportion to the several demands of each creditor, and to obtain from them their letter of licence.

Those few of my creditors, who have not been applied to by letter, or otherwise, I hope will attend, or some person authorized to act for them.

PHIL. JOHNSON.

Frederickfourg, March 28, 1768.

Omne tulit punctum qui miscuit utile dulci,

FROM whence proceeds the short reciprocating breath,
The lobe adhesive, and the sweat of death;
By what degrees the tubercles arise,
How slow, or quick, they ripen into size;
How art prevents, or mitigates the pain;
Friend of humanity! thy works explain.
But if a crime thy native tongue be thought,
Say, Thus *Hippocrates* and *Celsus* wrote,
Great Guides! whose pure simplicities excel
The puzzling pride of latinizing well.
Then may the judging few in this agree,
English and sense should of the world be free.

These are a few lines that were addressed to the learned and ingenious Sir *Richard Blackmore*, for writing on the diseases incident to the breast and lungs; tho' *Morton* and others have wrote extremely well on the many and various causes a consumption proceeds from.

I propose, if encouragement it meets with, and health permits, to write a small and concise treatise for the benefit of mankind, when no Gentleman of the profession is to be met with at times, in the following manner:——First, to give a description of the following acute diseases. Secondly, what steps and medicines to give, till such time some Gentleman of the profession may be consulted.

The apoplexy, inflammatory quinsy, an ulcerated sore throat, pleurisy, an peripneumony, inflammations of the bowels, body in general, such as fevers, nervous and eruptive, with some particular remarks on the small-pox, to which will be added, some miscellaneous cases under the author's own care, with observations.

The bite of a mad boar, and the cure of a man's throat being cut from ear to ear; puncture in the breast, another of the same; an imposthume in the breast; another of the same; a puncture in the abdomen, and two remarkable cases in the dropsy; likewise a remarkable case of a great quantity of laudanum being taken.

Each subscriber to pay 10s. a book, current money, and what volumes they take, alphabetically to be printed. When I get a sufficient number of subscribers, the book will be printed. No money will be demanded till then.

HENRY HEATH.

King's Creek, April 5, 1768.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, on Tuesday the 20th of last month, out of Mr. *Anthony Hay*'s pasture in *Williamsburg*, a half blooded bay horse, about 14 hands high, 5 years old this spring, reached mane and tail, branded on the near shoulder IB, has a swelling on the left side of his neck, joining his head, trots and gallops, has a small star in his forehead, and one of his hind feet white, as high as the footlock. Whoever takes up the said horse, and delivers him to me, shall have 15s. reward; and if stolen, on conviction of the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, a further reward of three pounds will be given by

JAMES BURWELL.

March 29, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there are now remaining in *John Bolling*'s warehouse, *Chesterfield* county, 31 hogsheads of tobacco, number, weight and names, as follow, which have been inspected upwards of three years.

No.	Gross.	Nett.	Tare.	
287	1075	944	131	William May.
262	1225	1111	114	Charles Anderson.
1090	1181	1077	104	Jacob Morgan.
690	1210	1082	128	Joseph Johnson.
254	1155	1030	125	Francis Dison.
872	1310	1171	139	Est. of Peter Jones.
834	1417	1303	114	John Old.
383	1350	1214	136	Thomas Dance.
602	1300	1188	112	Thomas Dudley.
817	965	846	119	John Archer.
1086	1174	1048	126	Huchins Burton.
1092	1296	1171	125	David Grenhill.
285	1205	1078	127	John Tucker.
1219	1275	1150	125	Humph. Hendrick.
583	1404	1274	130	Henry Dennis.
391	1255	1134	121	William Wilson.
1264	1030	915	115	Ditto.
550	1260	1140	120	William Alling.
244	1335	1201	134	Richard Cros.
457	1163	1058	105	William Rowlet.
542	1390	1245	150	Solomon Howart.
1072	1160	1025	135	Jacob Morgin.
718	1304	1186	118	Richard Jones.
1453	1181	1057	124	Est. of Pet. Jones.
1253	1242	1146	96	
1383	1315	1193	122	
915	1084	952	132	
1277	954	820	134	
1111	1320	1190	130	
1254	950	830	120	
70	1235	1110	125	

The last 7 hogsheads no owners names to be found.

ARCHER & RANDOLPH.

A SCHEME

of a LOTTERY *for disposing of certain* LANDS, SLAVES, *and* STOCKS, *belonging to the Subscriber.*

CONTENTS of PRIZES.

Priz.	Val	
1 of	5000	TO consist of a Forge and geared Grist-mill, both well fixed, and situate on a plentiful and constant Stream, with 1800 Acres of good Land, in *King* and *Queen* County, near *Todd*'s Bridge; which cost £. 6000.
1 of	1375	To consist of 550 Acres of very good Land, lying in *King William* County, on *Pamunkey* River, called *Gooch*'s, Part of 1686 Acres, purchased of *William Claiborne*, deceased; the Line to extend from said River to the back Line across towards *Mattapony*.
1 of,	1925	To consist of 550 Acres of very good Land, adjoining and below the said Tract, lying on *Pamunkey* River, whereon is a good Dwelling-house 70 Feet long and 20 Feet wide, with three Rooms below and three above; also all other good and convenient Out Houses; 1000 fine Peach Trees thereon, with many Apple Trees and other Sorts of Fruit, a fine high and pleasant Situation, and the Plantation in exceeding good Order for Cropping; the Line to extend from said River to the back Line towards *Mattapony*.
1 of	1750	To consist of 586 Acres, below the aforesaid two Tracts; whereon is a fine Peach Orchard, and many fine Apple Trees; the Plantation is in exceeding good Order for Cropping, and very fine for Corn and Tobacco, and abounds with a great Quantity of white Oak, which will afford, it's thought, a Thousand Pounds worth of Plank and Staves.
65 of 50	3250	To consist of 6500 Acres of good Land, in *Caroline* County; to be laid off in Lots of 100 Acres each.
4 of 75	300	To consist of 812 Acres of good Land, in *Spotsylvania* County, in the Fork between *Northanna* and the North Fork, with a large Quantity of low Grounds, and Meadow Land; to be laid off in Lots of 203 Acres each.
1 of	280	A Negro Man named *Billy*, about 22 Years old, an exceeding trusty good Forgeman, as well at the Finery as under the Hammer, and understands putting up his Fire: Also his Wife named *Lucy*, a young Wench, who works exceeding well both in the House and Field.
1 of	200	A Negro man named *Joe*, about 27 Years old, a very trusty good Forgeman, as well at the Finery as under the Hammer, and understands putting up his Fire.
1 of	200	A Negro Man named *Mingo*, about 24 Years old, a very trusty good Finer, and Hammerman, and understands putting up his Fire.
1 of	180	A Negro Man named *Ralph*, about 22 Years old, an exceeding good Finer.
1 of	220	A Negro Man named *Isaac*, about 20 Years old, an exceeding good Hammerman and Finer.
1 of	250	A Negro Man named *Sam*, about 26 Years old, a fine Chafery Man; also his Wife *Daphne*, a very good Hand at the Hoe, or in the House.
1 of	200	A Negro Man named *Abraham*, about 26 Years old, an exceeding good Forge Carpenter, Cooper, and Clapboard Carpenter.
1 of	150	A Negro Man named *Bob*, about 27 Years old, a very fine Master Collier.
1 of	90	A Negro Man named *Dublin*, about 30 Years old, a very good Collier.
1 of	90	A Negro Man named *London*, about 25 Years old, a very good Collier.
1 of	90	A Negro Man named *Cambridge*, about 24 Years old, a good Collier.
1 of	90	A Negro Man named *Harry*, a very good Collier.
1 of	100	A Negro Man named *Toby*, a very fine Master Collier.
1 of	120	A Negro Man named *Peter*, about 18 Years old, an exceeding trusty good Waggoner.
1 of	190	A Negro Man named *Dick*, about 24 Years old, a very fine Blacksmith; also his Smith's Tools.
1 of	80	A Negro Man named *Sampson*, about 32 Years old, the Skipper of the Flat.
1 of	70	A Negro Man named *Dundee*, about 38 Years old, a good Planter.
1 of	85	A Negro Man named *Caroline Joe*, about 35 Years old, a very fine Planter.
1 of	110	A Negro Woman named *Rachel*, about 32 Years old, and her Children *Daniel* and *Thomson*, both very fine.
1 of	70	A Negro Woman named *Hannah*, about 16 Years old.
1 of	75	A Negro Man named *Jack*, a good Planter.
1 of	75	A Negro Man named *Ben*, about 25 Years old, a good House Servant, and a good Carter, &c.
1 of	120	A Negro Man, *Robin*, a good Sawyer, and *Bella* his Wife.
1 of	70	A Negro Girl named *Sukey*, about 12 Years old, and another named *Betty*, about 7 Years old; Children of *Robin* and *Bella*.
1 of	75	A negro Man named *York*, a good Sawyer.
1 of	80	A Negro Woman named *Kate*, and a young Child, *Judy*.
1 of	60	A Negro Girl, *Aggy*, and Boy, *Nat*; Children of *Kate*.
1 of	75	A Negro named *Pompey*, a young Fellow.
1 of	110	A fine breeding Woman named *Pat*, lame of one Side, with Child, and her three Children, *Let*, *Milley*, and *Charlotte*.
1 of	60	A fine Boy, *Phill*, Son of *Patty*, about 14 Years old.
1 of	50	A Negro Man named *Tom*, an outlandish Fellow.
1 of	280	A Negro Man named *Cæsar*, about 30 Years old, a very good Blacksmith, and his Wife named *Nanny*, with two Children, *Tab* and *Jane*.
1 of	110	A Negro Man named *Edom*, about 23 Years old, a Blacksmith who has served four Years to the Trade.
1 of	160	A Negro Man named *Moses*, about 23 Years old, a very good Planter, and his Wife *Phœbe*, a fine young Wench with her Child *Nell*.
1 of	50	A Negro Woman, *Dorah*, Wife of Carpenter *Jemmy*.
1 of	35	A Negro named *Venus*, Daughter of *Tab*.
1 of	25	A Negro named *Judy*, Wife of *Sambo*.
1 of	20	A Negro named *Lucy*, outlandish.
1 of	25	A Negro Man named *Toby*, a good Miller.
1 of	100	A Team of exceeding fine Horses, consisting of four, and their Geer; also a good Waggon.
1 of	80	A Team of four Horses, and their Geer, with two Coal Waggons.
10 of 20	200	To consist of 100 Head of Cattle, to be laid off in 10 Lots.

12 PRIZES £. 18,400
1716 BLANKS

1840 TICKETS at £. 10 each, are £. 18,400

MANAGERS are *John Randolph*, *John Baylor*, *George Washington*, *Fielding Lewis*, *Archibald Cary*, *Carter Braxton*, *Benjamin Harrison*, *Ralph Wormley*, *Richard Henry Lee*, *Thomas Walker*, *Thomas Tabb*, *Edmund Pendleton*, *Peter Lyons*, *Patrick Coutts*, *Neil Jamieson*, *William Bradley*, *Alexander Donald*, *Anthony Walke*, *jun. David Jamieson*, and *John Madison*, Gentlemen.

The Time and Place of drawing will be inserted hereafter. Twelve Months Credit will be given for the Tickets from the Time the Lottery is drawn.

Bernard Moore.

PRIVATE entertainment; with pasturage and provender for horses, may be had of the subscriber, on *Shockoe Hill*, at the Falls of *James* river.

FORTUNATUS SYDNOR.

Norfolk, April 9, 1768.

AS little regard has been paid to our advertisement of the 21st of *September* 1767, requesting all persons indebted to the estate of the late Col. *Robert Tucker*, deceased, to make immediate payment; we once more give this public notice, that all accounts that are unpaid after the ensuing *April* General Court, will be put into the hands of attornies, without distinction of persons; the rigorous methods pursued by the creditors having put it altogether out of our power to afford any longer indulgence, as the estate is now liable to be taken in execution, on judgments already obtained. All payments made to Mr. *Thomas Newton*, jun. or Mr. *James Taylor*, will be allowed in discount, who will attend in *Williamsburg* during the Court.

THOMAS NEWTON, sen.
JOHN TAYLOR.

WHEREAS *Edward Harman*, and *Henry Harman*, sen. of the county of *Cumberland* have sold me one hundred acres of land, lying in the branches of *Bear* creek, joining Mr. *Langhorne*'s, Mr. *Woodson*'s, and Mr. *Taylor*'s lands, in the said county, and have made me a deed for the same, but refuse to make an acknowledgement of the said deed in open court, according to the tenor of his agreement, and his brother's bond to me, and as I have paid him for the said land, which I have his receipt for, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from buying the above-mentioned land of the said *Edward Harman*, as it will incumber them in difficulties with me, as I intend to prosecute them for a right to the said land. ALEX^r. GUTTREY.

King & Queen, April 18.

RUN away from the subscriber, the 3d instant, a convict servant man, named *Philip Helenford*, calls himself *Allinford*, imported in the *Justitia*, Capt. *Somerville*, last fall; he was born in SUFFOLK, a town in *England*, is spare made, lively and active, about 5 feet 10 inches high, ruddy complexion, has a fair skin under his cloaths, though it appears brown where exposed, much pitted with the small pox, thin visaged, large nose, black eyes and hair, which is about three inches long, he is, by his own account, about 26 years of age, speaks quick, and seems sometimes to have an impediment in his speech, understands farming, and can do rough brick or stane work, having been a labourer to one of that calling in *England*; he carried with him, a dark snuff coloured coat much worn, with white metal buttons; a *Virginia* cotton cloth waistcoat striped with blue and yellow, a plaid do. bound with red ferret, *English* leather breeches, two old white linen shirts, two oznabrigs do. a pair of *Scotch* yarn hose, blue and white; a pair of channel pumps with steel buckles in them, also a pair of *Virginia* made shoes tied with strings, a felt hat, and a yarn cap covered with squirrel and hare skins; his cloaths he may have changed, and got his hair cut off, and may have forged a pass, as he has been very intimate with a taylor that lived not far off; he is very fond of drink, though not quarrelsome when drunk. He cannot write nor read, and I am apprehensive he will endeavour to pass for a sailor, and get on board some ship bound for *England*; therefore I desire all masters f vessels, as well as other persons whatsoever, not to employ or entertain the said servant. Whoever will take up the said runaway, and deliver him to me, shall receive a reward of 40s. and all reasonable charges allowed for travelling expences.

WILLIAM TODD.

Three Pounds Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in *Augusta* county, the latter end of *October* last, a convict servant man named EDMUND COOPER, a stout likely well set fellow. He had short black hair, is fat, and full faced, has black eyes, a little round shouldered, and is about 40 years of age; of a bold forward countenance, and has a quite polite tongue, and is well instructed in learning and law. He had on when he went away, a steel collar, an old fur hat, a brown jacket, a pair of trowsers, and breeches under them, old shoes and stockings. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me.

JAMES LAIRD.

TAKEN up in *Chesterfield*, a black mare, about 7 years old, and about 4 feet 6 inches high; has a switch tail and hanging mane, branded on the near buttock K, with a stroke through the back of it. Posted and appraised to 3 l.

CRIEF RANDOLPH.

To be RENTED *for a Term of Years, as may be agreed on,*

THE LONG ORDINARY at *Bedford* court-house, formerly kept by *Francis Thorp*, for fifty pounds per year, with all convenient houses, gardens, pastures, and fifty or sixty acres of good corn or wheat land, all which are in good repair. WILLIAM CALLAWAY.

THE COCK MAIN between Col. *Edward Carter*, and Col. *Anthony Thornton*, to be fought at my house in *Chesterfield* county, at *Lucy*'s Springs, about 5 miles above *Rocky Ridge*, begins on *Tuesday* the 3d day of *May* next, where they are to shew sixty one cocks.

STEPHEN PANKEY.

TAKEN up at the head of *Goose* creek, in *Bedford* county, a small bay horse, branded on the near shoulder N, has a scar on the off buttock, and both hind feet white. Posted and appraised to 4 l.

NICHOLAS WELSH.

TAKEN up at the head of *Goose* creek, in *Bedford* county, a brown stallion colt, about 3 years old, branded on both shoulders and off buttock M. Posted and appraised to 3 l. 15 s.

NICHOLAS WELSH.

TAKEN up in *King & Queen*, a light grey horse, about 4 feet 5 inches high, branded on the near buttock W.

EDWARD CARLTON.

TAKEN up in the lower end of *Orange*, a black horse colt, cut, dock'd, and branded on the near buttock ID, as well as I can make out. He is about two years old, his near hind foot is white. Posted and appraised to £. 1:7:6.

REUBIN DANILL.

TAKEN up in *Amelia* county, a yellow brinpled steer, about five years old, marked with a crop and two slits in the left ear, the other ear long. Posted and appraised to £. 3:5.

HENRY ANDERSON.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, on *Stanton* river, a white mare about 4 feet 2 or 3 inches high, not dock'd, branded on the near buttock X, on the near shoulder S, on the off shoulder I, and on the rump C. She is a trotter, and is posted and appraised to 3 l.

HENRY HAYNES.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, at the mouth of *Flat* creek, a small bay mare, branded on the near shoulder, but I can't tell what with. She has had her near thigh broke or much hurt, so that she goes lame on it.; has some white hairs in her forehead, and pretty full of saddle spots. Posted and appraised to 2 l. 10.

HENRY EIDSON.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, a dark bay mare, about 4 feet, 4 inches high, about ten years old, has a large blaze down her face to the end of her nose, and two glass eyes, not branded as can be perceived, trots and paces. Posted and appraised to 2 l. 10.

WILLIAM DUNAWAY.

TAKEN up on *Rock* creek, a grey mare, about four or five years old, branded on her three quarters PH in a piece. Posted and appraised to 3 l. 15.

RICHARD CUNDIFF.

TAKEN up in *Bedford* county, on *Beaverdan* creek, a small bay horse, about 4 years old, and about 4 feet 4 inches high, has a small star in his face, and a small snip on his nose, neither branded nor dock'd, trots naturally.

MATTHEW PATE.

TAKEN up in *Buckingham* county, on *Hatcher*'s creek, a grey horse about 4 feet 7 or 8 inches high, 8 years old last spring, has several saddle spots, with a roach mane and bob tail, branded on the near shoulder B, and on the near buttock D. The inside of his off hind foot is white, has a small bell tied on with a leather string, and appears to have been worked by the scars on his shoulders, and trots and gallops. Posted and appraised to 7 l.

CARY HARRISON.

St. John's, in Antigua, January 27.

In our last we mentioned the arrival of the Snow Rodney, Nicholas Purdy, from London, for Maryland, with Convicts; since which we have received an extract from the ship's log-book, which we insert, that the public may

be acquainted with the hardſhips theſe poor wretches ſuſtained during their terrible voyage.

JOURNAL.

September 17. Came through the Downs.—October 5. Came to on the Mother Bank after beating, &c.—7th, diſcovered a ſcheme of the convicts to take away the ſhip—10th, ſet ſail with clear weather and ſteady breeze; wind N. by E.—Dec. 12th, convicts, wet—14th, 15th, 16th, no obſervation; cloudy weather; a very heavy gale on the 15th, with thunder and lightning; the ſhip laboured very much; the convicts wet below, as all the upper works are open——19th convict James Alleyn died—21ſt, ſhip opens more than uſual; a gale—23d, William Brown, a convict died; ſhip makes much water—25th no obſervation; a heavy gale, and great ſea; ſhip labours very much, and makes a great deal of water—26th, found the bolts of the ſtandards between decks, broke by yeſterday's gale, ſo that they are of no ſervice to the ſhip, which opens fore and aft, and leaks much---7th, more water—28th, a great deal of water——29th, a very heavy gale of wind, and high ſea; a ſtroke of the ſea upon the ſtarboard quarter, broke the tiller ſhort off in the rudder head; pump every half hour; nailed canvas over the bows, and ſeams of the forecaſtle——30th, obliged to make ſome of the convicts aſſiſt in working and pumping the ſhip: Every thing in a bad ſituation; only 50 pieces of pork, and 700lb. of bread, for 105 people, and no probability of getting into Virginia—31ſt, the people wrote to the Captain, deſired to know what he intended to do with the ſhip in that ſituation, expecting every moment to founder; and the convicts almoſt ſtarved for want of food, and almoſt drowned with water between decks; only two biſcuits a day. At 7 A. M. the ſhip received ſo ſevere a ſhock from a ſtroke of the ſea, that it was neceſſary to keep one pump continually a going; at 8 not being able to lay to any longer, was obliged to bear away to the ſouthward, huping to get into South-Carolina, lat. 35: 36. lon. 72. 27. W.—Jan. 1. John Jay, convict, died—2d, being near the lat. of Carolina, and by account 10 degrees to the Eaſtward of it in a heavy gale of wind, and having only 24 pieces of beef, 22 pieces of pork, and 600 weight of bread, to feed 104 people, to bear away for Antigua; the veſſel being much wrecked in hull and rigging, and it being impoſſible to get into any port upon the continent; 4. P. M. found four of the fore-ſhrouds broke; Richard Owen, convict, died—3d, convicts in a very poor condition, very low, and many ſick—5th, in lat. 31, lon. 95. 57. contrary winds; proviſions almoſt expended, convicts only three ounces of bread a day, and ſo great was their diſtreſs that they eat the very vermin which they picked off themſelves. The ſhip's company, upon whoſe lives depended the welfare of the whole, fared but little better; their 24 hours allowance, being inſufficient for one man's meal——7th, examined the convicts, their condition truly miſerable; full of ſores and ulcers, very low, and have lain for three weeks abſolutely in water, the veſſel being almoſt tore to pieces, by the many ſevere ſtorms ſhe encountered—10th, 14th, and 17th, William Smith, Joſeph Green, Joſeph James, William Stude, and John Coſe, convicts, died——20th, having no proviſions of any kind to iſſue to the poor unhappy creatures, the company and myſelf, I opened a caſk of cheeſe containing 100lb. conſigned to Charles Carroll, Eſq; the poor wretches having long ago eat their leather breeches, and every ſhoe they found in the veſſel——At noon they ſaw Antigua, diſtant 7 leagues.

Entered in the diſtrict of

ACCOMACK.

Jan. 15. Betſey and Eſther, Stephen Sampſon, from Madeira, with 10 hhds. and 16 quarter caſks of wine.

16. Abigail, Samuel Snow, from Boſton, with 2 barrels of mackarel, 1 barrel of cod, 2 quintals of fiſh, 500wt. of cheeſe, 1 hhd. of rum, 1 caſk of molaſſes, 2 bolts of oſnabrigs, 1 box of linens, checks, hoſiery and haberdaſhery ware, 7 barrels of loaf ſugar, and 3000 feet of pine boards.

Feb. 1. Polly, Linnford Morey, from Boſton, with 5 barrels of rum, 2 barrels and 4 quintals of fiſh, 48 chairs, 1 riding chair, certain earthen ware, 2 caſks of molaſſes, 3 barrels of brown ſugar, 2 caſks of hardware, 1 caſk of gunpowder, 200 wt. of ſhot, 1 ſaw, 12 looking-glaſſes, 1 cheſt of woollens and linens, 3 barrels of ſugar, and 6 paſſengers.

9. Succeſs, Preſgrave Kennet, from Nevis, with 1 hhd. of rum, and 24 hhds. and 1 tierce of molaſſes.

12. Schooner Jenny, Daniel Hutchinſon, from Rhode Iſland, with 4 ſtoves, 3 dozen chairs, and 2 hhds. of molaſſes.

March 10. Schooner Little Betſey, Zephaniah Brown, from Antigua and St. Euſtatia, with 3 hhds. of molaſſes, and 95 half johanneſſes in caſh.

Cleared Outwards.

Feb. 20. Schooner Neptune, Benjamin Smith, for Plymouth in New England, with 1700 buſhels of corn, 25 buſhels of beans, 20 buſhels of wheat, and ſome live hogs.

20. Sloop, John and Betſey, W. B. Bunting, for Bermuda, with 1000 buſhels of corn, and 103 buſhels of peaſe.

24. Schooner Abigail, Samuel Snow, for Boſton, with 1800 buſhels of corn, 100 buſhels of wheat, 10 buſhels of beans, 5 bags of feathers, and 2 cwt. of bacon.

March 8. Schooner Jenny and Sally, Reuben Joyne, for Barbados, with 1500 buſhels of corn, 160 buſhels of peaſe, 1 caſk of tallow, 1 caſk of beans, 42 bacon hams in caſes, a quantity of live ſtock, 1800 hhd. ſtaves, and 8000 ſhingles.

9. Schooner Nancy, William Wallop, for Philadelphia, with 800 buſhels of Indian corn.

Entered in the upper diſtrict of

James *river.*

March 8. Charlotte, Eliſha Glover, from Boſton, with 22 barrels of rum, 6 hhds. of ſalt, 72 axes, 2 boxes of chocolate, 1 barrel and a half of mackarel, 1 carriage and harneſs, 1 barrel of cheeſe, 4 caſes of empty bottles, and ſundry wooden ware.

18. Induſtry, William Copeland Latimer, from Barbados, with 5 hhds. of rum, and 6 barrels of limes.

23. Donald, David Andrew, from Greenock, with European goods.

CLEARED.

March 3. Induſtry, Arthur Sinclair, for Madeira, with 154 buſhels of peaſe, 4500 buſhels of corn, 14 buſhels of beans, and 5100 ſtaves.

7. Fame, William Williams, for Salem, with 1800 buſhels of corn, 40 buſhels of beans, 20 barrels of flour, and 10 buſhels of wheat.

Induſtry, Richard Robinſon, for Barbados, with 2261 buſhels of corn, 535 buſhels of peaſe, 45 barrels of pork, 50 barrels of flour, 40 barrels of bread, 3200 ſtaves, 1600 hoops, 4k,000 ſhingles, 2 hhds. of tobacco, and ſome live ſtock.

10. Two Brothers, John Evans, for Salem, with 20 bacon hams, 1810 buſhels of wheat, 1 bag of hominy, and 370 feet of plank.

Elizabeth, Jonathan Vail, for New-York, with 343 buſhels of peaſe, 300 buſhels of corn, 800 wt. of cotton, 31 buſhels of beans, 25 buſhels of oats, 20 deer ſkins, 100 wt. of flax, 50 wt. of gunpowder, and 2 bags of ſhot.

11. Darby, John Allen, for Salem, with 1950 buſhels of corn, 100 buſhels of beans, 61 buſhels of wheat, 18 buſhels of rye, 150 feet of walnut plank, 27 wt. of feathers, 2 buſhels of potatoes, 18 buſhels of peaſe, 9 quintals of fiſh, and one barrel of oil.

12. Clyde, Matthew Buchanan, for Barbados, with 40 barrels and 4 bags of bread, 30 barrels of pork, 30,000 ſhingles, 1 barrel of lard, 2927 buſhels of corn, 330 buſhels of peaſe, and 2 hhds. of tobacco.

14. Endeavour, Joſeph Swan, for Boſton, with 400 buſhels of corn, 254 buſhels of wheat, 30 buſhels of beans, 10 buſhels of peaſe, and 1 hhd. of tobacco.

Albany, Robert Tucker, for Glaſgow, with 328 hhds. of tobacco, 6400 ſtaves, 60 hoops, and 14 tons of pig iron.

15. Three Brothers, Peter Wells, for Boſton, with 850 buſhels of wheat, 180 buſhels of corn, 3 barrels of lard, and 2500 ſtaves.

21. Pleaſants, Joel Sturdivant, for Madeira, with 1712 buſhels of wheat, 2865 buſhels of corn, 972 buſhels of peaſe, 58 buſhels of beans, 47 barrels of bread, 5 barrels of flour, 1880 pipe ſtaves, and 2450 barrel ſtaves.

21. Guildford, Stripling Croſby, for Barbados, with 2112 buſhels of corn, 90 buſhels of peaſe, 12,000 ſhingles, and ſome live ſtock.

Blandford, March 29, 1768.

THE partnerſhip of *Gordon, Ramſay,* and company, being now expired, they deſire all thoſe indebted to them to be ſpeedy in making payment; thoſe whoſe accounts are open, and above twelve months ſtanding, if not convenient to pay off, are deſired to give bond before the firſt of *June*, and indulgence will be given, otherwiſe they may depend on being ſued without further notice. Thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid company, are deſired to apply for payment.

We have for ſale about a thouſand pounds ſterling worth of *European* goods, pretty well aſſorted, which we will ſell at a moderate advance, and long credit. If not ſold at private ſale before the 25th day of *April* next, they will then be ſold to the higheſt bidders, in lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, on twelve months credit.

GORDON and RAMSAY.

N. B. We have for ſale a few pipes and hogſheads of *Madeira* wine, imported laſt ſummer. G. and R.

The ſubſcriber intends to open ſtore in *Blandford* this ſpring, on account of himſelf and company.

PATRICK RAMSAY.

TEN PISTOLES REWARD.

STOLEN from *York-Town, Pennſylvania*, the 26th of *February* laſt, a large dark brown gelding, about ſix years old, 15 hands high, has a large ſtar in his forehead, and a very ſmall ratch under it, not viſible without a near view, a long neck, and holds his head very high; is a natural pacer, has been lately cut under the jaw for the diſtemper. Alſo ſtolen at the ſame time, a black gelding with a bald face, and four white feet and legs, paces, trots, and hand gallops; a high couraged horſe, about 11 or 12 years old. The thief's name is JAMES BIGGAR; he is about 25 years of age, fair complexion, wears his own hair, had on an old blanket coat, an old blue coat, a ſtriped cotton jacket, old red pluſh breeches and leggings. He was ſeen with both horſes near *Potowmack*, travelling ſouthward. He is acquainted about *James* river, and in *North Carolina*, and is a noted horſe thief. Whoever ſecures ſaid thief and horſes, and brings them to the ſubſcriber, or to Mr. *Craven Peyton* at *Leeſburg*, ſhall have the above reward, or five piſtoles for each horſe.

JAMES SMITH.

To be SOLD *at* Cumberland *Court-houſe, on the* 4th Monday *in* June *next,*

FOUR hundred acres of wood land, lying on *Green* creek, near the upper end of *Cumberland* county, and adjoining the lands of the late Hon. *Peter Randolph*, deceaſed. The ſaid land was formerly the property of *Nathaniel Watkins*, and is allowed to be very rich. Half the purchaſe money to be paid at the day of ſale; ſix months credit will be allowed for the other part. Mr. *James Brown*, who lives near the land, will ſhew it. If any perſon is inclinable to make a private bargain, they may apply to Mr. *Alexander Trent*, in *Cumberland* county, or to the ſubſcriber in *Amherſt* county.

PETERFIELD TRENT.

Williamſburg, April 5, 1768.

I INTEND for *Great-Britain* as ſoon as I can ſettle my affairs; I muſt therefore deſire thoſe that are indebted to me 12 months or upwards, that they muſt diſcharge their accounts by the firſt of *June*, and thoſe of a ſhorter date by the firſt of *September*, after which times they may expect no indulgence.

2 JAMES ANDERSON.

To be SOLD *on* Wedneſday *the* 11*th day of* May, *at* Poplar Neck, *in* CAROLINE *county, if fair, if not, the next fair day,*

A QUARTER belonging to the eſtate of Col. JOHN CORBIN, deceaſed; all the perſonal eſtate of the late Mrs. *Lettice Corbin*, deceaſed, conſiſting of a neat POST CHARIOT, with 6 harneſſes and 6 horſes; alſo a great variety of neat houſe and kitchen furniture, and a large ſtock of cattle, hogs, ſheep and horſes. Credit will be allowed for all ſums above forty ſhillings, until the 25th of *April* 1769, the purchaſers giving bond and ſecurity to

JOHN TURBERVILLE, Adm'r.

To be SOLD, *by virtue of an order of the county court of* NEW-KENT, *on* Saturday *the* 23*d of this month,*

THE LAND and PLANTATION whereon *Richard Littlepage*, Gentleman, lately lived, containing 175 acres of high land, more or leſs, with a large quantity of wild oat marſh adjoining it. The land is very good for any kind of grain or tobacco, and lies within one mile of *Cumberland* town, in *New-Kent* county. The marſh affords a great plenty of fine hay, and wild fowls of all ſorts; and alſo, 2 Negroes to be ſold at the ſame time, one of them a good ſhip carpenter. The ſale to be on the premiſes. The land to be entered on the 25th of *December* next. Twelve months credit will be allowed, the purchaſers giving bond, with good ſecurity, to

FRANCIS FOSTER.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, in *Louiſa* county, in *May* 1767, a bay mare colt, three years old next Summer, docked and branded thus ∴ Whoever will give intelligence of the ſaid colt ſo that ſhe may be had, ſhall receive fifteen ſhillings reward, paid by me

ISHAM RICHARDSON.

North-Carolina, Chowan County, } *March* 29.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 29th of *February* laſt, an indented ſervant man named *John Bunkley*. He is a well ſet fellow, of a middle ſtature, about 30 years of age, of a dark and ſun burnt complexion, and has loſt his left leg below his knee, which is ſupplied with a wooden one. He had on when he went away, a dark brown kerſey coat, a pair of blue frize breeches, an oznabrigs ſhirt, a felt hat, a yarn ſtocking, a country made ſhoe, and a green cloth boot. Whoever apprehends the ſaid runaway, and delivers him to me, or ſecures him in gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive a reward of three pounds *Virginia* money.

LUKE SUMNER.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living on the *Middle* river, in *Auguſta* county, in *Virginia*, the 3d of this inſtant, a convicted ſervant man named *John Gonnion*, a butcher by trade; had on when he run away, an old felt hat, an old blue coat, a good blue jacket with metal buttons, new dark brown breeches with metal buttons, brown ſtockings, ſtitch down ſhoes, one braſs buckle and one iron, two coarſe ſhirts, is about 22 years of age, 5 feet high, ſmooth faced, wears his own hair tied, and ſtammers very much in his ſpeech. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive forty ſhillings reward, paid by

JOHN STEUART.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living near *Rockfiſh Gap*, in AUGUSTA county, laſt AUGUST, a ſorrel horſe, five feet high, ſix years old, branded on the near ſhoulder thus S^{r}2; had on a ſmall bell, a roached mane and bob tail, paces a ſmall travel, and gallops very well. Likewiſe a black mare, about 4 feet 7 inches high, eight years old, with a large ſtar, a little lame in her off hind foot, roach'd mane and bob tail. She was loſt from the waggon near *Wilderneſs Bridge*, in *Spotſylvania* county, laſt *November*. Whoever takes up the ſaid creatures, and contrives them ſo as I get them, ſhall have five pounds reward, or three pounds for the horſe, and forty ſhillings for the mare, paid by

WILLIAM TEAS.

Cumberland county, *April* 3, 1768.

BROUGHT to my houſe the 15th of *November*, by a runaway Negro, a ſmall cheſnut ſorrel mare, with a hanging mane and a long ſwitch tail, and branded on the near buttock ⊂, and on the off buttock thus ∴ All her feet are partly white, and a blaze in her face. Alſo a gun, with pewter poured in the barrel, and rifled. Poſted, and appraiſed the mare to 2 l. 10 s. and the gun to 12/6. RALPH FLIPPIN

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber, living in the *Calf Paſture*, in *Auguſta* county, a black horſe about thirteen hands high, is branded on the near ſhoulder 9, and buttock IO. Appraiſed to 3 l. 15 s.

JOHN RISK.

TAKEN up in ALBEMARLE, a ſmall bay mare, about 4 feet high, branded M L on the near ſhoulder and buttock. Poſted, and appraiſed to 1 l. 15 s.

JOSEPH THOMAS.

TAKEN up in AMHERST, on *Pedlar* river, a ſmall bay horſe, with a ſtar and ſnip, and ſome ſaddle ſpots, three white feet, and branded E W on three quarters, and ⊏ on the top of the near buttock. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2 l. 10 s.

JAMES SMITH.

TAKEN up in AMHERST, on *James* river, at the mouth of *Harris's* creek, a grey yearling colt, with a blaze down its face, a natural pacer, branded on the near ſhoulder II. Poſted, and appraiſed to 1 l. 10 s. JOHN HARDWICK.

TAKEN up in AUGUSTA, *Burdin's* land, a blue roan horſe, about 14 years old, 14 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder *C* and on the off ſhoulder 31, paces, and is lame in one of his hind legs. Poſted, and appraiſed to 1 l. 15 s.

SAMUEL STEEL.

TAKEN up in *King-George*, near *Muddy* creek, ſome time in *June* or *July* laſt, a ſmall black pacing mare, about 4 feet and ſome inches high, with a roach mane and ſprig tail, branded on the near buttock I A, and has ſeveral white hairs on one of her hind footlocks. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2 l. JOHN POLLARD.

TAKEN up in LOUDOUN, a black cow, with a ſtar in her forehead, and ſome white under her belly, marked with a crop in each ear, and a ſmall ſlit in the right ear, and has a young calf with her. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2 l. 15 s.

STEPHEN ROSZEL.

TAKEN up in AUGUSTA, on the forks of *James* river, a black mare, 4 years old, about 4 feet 6 inches high, paces and trots, and has a ſmall ſtar, a long mane and tail, branded on the near ſhoulder, but not plain. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l. 10 s. SAMUEL DAVIS.

TAKEN up in AMELIA, near *Clement's* mill, a light grey, or rather white mare, about 4 feet 2 inches high, branded on the near buttock with a burn'd ſpot; her mane and tail darker than her body. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l. ANN STERN.

TAKEN up at the mouth of *Harris's* creek, on JAMES river, in *Amherſt* county, a light grey mare, about 7 years old, 4 feet 4 inches high, branded on the near buttock with a heart. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2 l. 10 s. JOHN HARDWICK.

TAKEN up in AMHERST, a bay MARE, 4 years old, 4 feet 5 inches high, branded on the near buttock T P. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l. 10 s.

JAMES WRIGHT.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, *April* 14, 1768.

Let them ceaſe to ſpeak ill of others, leſt they bear of their own miſdeeds.
ADDISON.

Mr. RIND,

I HAVE obſerved in your paper of the 4th of *February*, a piece ſigned ADMONITOR; and think it a great misfortune that a man ſhould not be ſenſible of his own ignorance before he ſets out to declaim againſt others, or to admoniſh the world of impoſitions on mankind. To ſay that the world does not ſtand in need of an admonition; I ſhall prove the contrary by his own words: Though I do not think ſo mean and ill-natured a performance deſerves a ſerious refutation, and ſhould have paſſed it over with a ſilent contempt, had it not been for his ſtupid ignorance in phyſic; which is the more conſpicuous by his endeavouring to ridicule the practice of others, though never ſo judicious and juſt.

In the caſe of Mr. OGLESBY'S SON, he ſays, *I would have attempted ſomething with the child, had the parents conſented, ſomething*, as though I did not know what. I there expreſsly ſaid what, viz. *to lay open the pericranium, and to perforate the cranium itſelf (if I found it neceſſary, in order to elevate the bones) by terebration, &c.*

For the propriety of which, I appeal to any judicious phyſician or ſurgeon whatever; or even to common ſenſe.

It is laid down as a rule, that a fracture of the cranium is certain death, without trepanning. * I have been eye witneſs to many inſtances of the like kind. A boy of one *Thomas Naſon*, about 7 years old, by a kick from a horſe, had his ſkull fractured; was taken up dead to all appearance: A meſſenger was immediately ſent off for a ſurgeon, at the diſtance of about 20 miles; the ſurgeon came in about 12 hours; the child lay all the time ſtupid, now and then attended with bilious vomits. The ſurgeon examined the wound, and found a large fracture; he immediately made uſe of the trepan, and the child came to his ſenſes in an hour after, and was cured.

Much the ſame inſtance happened to a boy of *William Smeed*; though Mr. *Smeed*'s ſon lay on the ground many hours before he was found: But was, after the ſpace of one day, trepann'd, and cured.

I ſaw many inſtances of the like kind in the battle between General *Johnſon*, and Baron *de Dieſkau*, at *Lake George*, in the year 1755, our men having the advantage of a breaſt work to ſecure their bodies, the moſt of the men that were ſlain, were ſhot in the head.

A remarkable inſtance of the like kind happened in the year 1757, between *Fort Edward*, and *Fort William Henry*; a party under the command of Capt. *Deaken*, on their march from one of theſe places, to the other (being the diſtance of 14 miles) fell into an ambuſcade of *French* and *Indians*; a detachment was made under the command of Capt. *Nixon*; but before *Nixon* could come to his aſſiſtance, poor Capt. *Deaken*, and his men, fell a ſacrifice to the remorſeleſs ſavages: When we came to examine, and bury the dead, a man, juſt as we raiſed him up, and going to put him in the ground, was taken with bilious vomiting, we thereupon deſiſted, and carried him to our incampment, where the ſurgeons examined his wounds, and found a large fracture in the ſkull, beſides ſeveral other wounds; he was trepann'd, and cured of ſeveral dangerous wounds. There needs no argument to prove the uſefulneſs of this operation. A caſe of the like kind happened not long ſince, to a child in this county, ſon of Mr. *Joſeph Southerland*, a lad of about 10 years old, had his ſkull fractured on the left parietal bone, lay ſtupid, now and then attended with bilipus vomiting; died in about 15 hours after, for want of the operation's being performed.

I am poſitive from my own experience, that in ſuch dreadful caſes, the operation is abſolutely neceſſary; I will further add, that it is criminal to neglect it; and that no time is to be loſt in the performing it: The man that would neglect his office in ſuch a caſe, deſerves to be puniſhed by the common hangman: As to Mr. *Ogleſby*'s child's being cured without the operation's being performed on him, is no argument againſt the uſefulneſs of it, or againſt me for propoſing it. But here, Mr. *Admonitor ſays, it is well for Philiatros it ſo happened; or I believe he would have been plaguily put to it. Plaguily*, a genteel word. But how does he know?

It is an operation I have performed with ſucceſs, and why ſhould I not do it again? But here he ſays again, *might not Philiatros be miſtaken as to the brains that run out; might it not be ſome natural diſcharge from a turky buzzard?* I am ſure nothing but the carrion kind could have produced any thing ſo low.

That filthy ſimile, that beaſtly line,
Quite turns my ſtomach. †

Does ſuch language ariſe from reaſon, good breeding, or good underſtanding? Is it not evident that it muſt proceed from *a mean education, a clowniſh diſpoſition, or a violent and malicious ſpirit, that cannot be confined within the bounds of decency or good breeding?* But to ſee the extent of his knowledge let us go on a little further; he ſays, *in order further to make himſelf to the unacquainted in matters of this ſort, appear very wiſe, though to the learned ridiculouſly ignorant, he talks of a bilious vomiting, and vomiting is a common ſymptom in fractures of the ſkull.*

I ſay ſo ſtill, and add further, that he who does not know it, knows nothing in phyſic or ſurgery, and it is unpardonable in a phyſician, or ſurgeon, not to know it. But inſtead of knowing what belongs to him to know, he expoſes himſelf ſtill further. *But a bilious vomiting moſt people know to be a particular diſorder, no more a ſymptom of a fractured ſkull than it is of a broken leg.*

I am ſorry to expoſe his ignorance, but more ſo, that he is ſo great a dunce. I ſhould not have performed the operation on him, had it not been for his malice and ſpite, but ſo ſoft a ſkull I never met with before.

But let us attend to the ſubject, in order to prove his ignorance in the theory, as well as the practice: BOERHAAVE ſpeaks of a bilious vomiting, ſtupidity, deep ſleep, vertigo, a dimneſs of ſight, convulſions, palſies, apoplexies, fevers, and death. SCHOMB: alſo ſays to the ſame purpoſe; a vertigo, noiſe in the ears, bilious vomiting, ſleepineſs, a depravation or abolition of ſome or all the ſenſes in wounds of the head, are always of a bad import.

It is moſt certain that one or all of theſe ſymptoms appear in wounds of the head, more eſpecially if the brain be injured. When *Antilochus* wounded his enemy in the forehead, ſo that the point of his ſpear entered the bone, HOMER wiſely ſays, that his eyes opened in darkneſs. * A bilious vomiting is therefore one of the bad ſymptoms which attends wounds of the head, and denotes that the brain is injured.

It is evident, from the moſt certain and daily obſervations, that conſiderable alterations, or diſturbances in the brain, even of the moſt healthy perſon, will not only excite theſe bilious vomits, but alſo produce conſiderable alterations in the nature and appearance of the bile itſelf, in a very ſhort time. From whence it is evident what a wonderful conſent of parts is betwixt the head and præcordia, and the other parts of the ſtomach, ſo that they mutually affect each other very powerfully: Nor can this be readily explained by all our knowledge of the ſtructure of theſe which we at preſent poſſeſs, but that the fact is certain, appears from daily and inconteſtible obſervation.

This I believe to be the reaſon why *Sculteſus* made this obſervation, *viz.* that almoſt all, who have received wounds in the head, complain of a bitterneſs in the mouth. † Bilious vomiting appears to have been always a ſign much ſuſpected in wounds of the head: Whence *Hippocrates* ſays, *Quibus cerebrum Vulneratur, februs plerumque ac bilis vomitus accedit, & corporis ſideratio, & pernicioſe habent.* ‡ *Quibus perſciſſum fuerit cerebrum, neceſſe eſt febrem & bilis vomitum ſupervenire.* §

Bilis, vomitus vulneri ſuccedens, malum: & maxime in capitis vulneribus. ‖

So that it appears evident, that whenever the brain is compreſſed from any cauſe whatever, a bilious vomiting always ſucceeds.

I ſhall bring a few facts to corroborate theſe arguments.

A lad of 14 years old was ſtruck, in play, with a wooden ball, on the left ſide of the *os frontis*; he fell down, had bilious vomits, and afterwards continued to bring up every thing which he took into his ſtomach. After ſome time, he was trepanned, a purulent matter immediately forced its way out through the opening, and afterwards the very ſubſtance of the brain itſelf began, by degrees, to emerge; nor could it be confined, and therefore the luxurious part was taken off, by tying a thread round it. Soon after a like fungous ſubſtance aroſe again, was removed in the ſame manner. And this was ſo often repeated, that all the fungi together would equal the ſize of one's fiſt; yet the patient was afterwards cured. ¶ A noble youth had the right parietal bone fractured by a ſtone from a ſling; hereupon the ſubſtance of the brain came out to the quantity of half a walnut: And when a certain young phyſician denied it to be the ſubſtance of the brain, ſaying it was fat: PAREY proved by experiment, that the ſubſtance of the brain itſelf came out of the wound. †

A woman received a contuſed wound on the right parietal bone, with a conſiderable fracture and depreſſion of the ſkull. She ſoon after the accident vomited up bile, with the food ſhe had not yet digeſted in her ſtomach; the left ſide of the body was paralytic, and the right ſide was convulſed; but ſhe afterwards recovered, even though ſhe loſt a conſiderable quantity of the ſubſtance of the brain through the wound. ‡

I could relate numberleſs caſes of the like kind, from the moſt celebrated authors; but theſe are ſufficient to my preſent purpoſe.

The next thing Mr. *Admonitor* takes notice of, is the ſimpleneſs of the application in the cure. It is ſufficient for a phyſician, if he knows what to do, to do it without ſhewing his ignorance by a pompous apparatus.

Wounds of the head ſhould be ſeldom, and then expeditiouſly dreſſed: For the whole intention here is to re-unite the divided integuments as ſoon as poſſible, and this is done by ſelf-ſufficient nature only, art barely removing the impediments and aſſiſting her action. * Thus I think I have proved the juſtice of my cauſe; not that I think it will have any tendency towards refuting my antagoniſt. A man may reaſon with as much propriety againſt a whirlwind, as with a man carried away with prejudice, ſpite, and malice. I have introduced no hypotheſis whatever; what I have here ſuggeſted amounts to the certain knowledge of the truth, by the certain ſteps of unerring facts, and juſt reaſoning.

Thus far I have laid open Mr. *Admonitor*'s cranium; I hope the world by this time, does not want to be informed what the contents are.

He ſays he hopes his *pineal gland* is ſafe and ſnug; I am of his mind, I do not think *Des Cartes* himſelf, or any of the *Carteſian* philoſophers could find it. It is well for Mr. *Admonitor* if ſome of the winged inhabitants to which he ſeems ſo nearly allied, have not diveſted him of it long ago. If *Des Cartes* could have had the opportunity of diſſecting ſuch a head, his doctrine of a plenum, would have been refuted, he would moſt certainly have found a vacuum. I can't but take notice of another vile repreſentation, *i. e.* he ſays in my paper, *that I write to none of the faculty, hoping that no one will expoſe my ignorance.* I writ no ſuch thing; however, ſince he has been ſo malicious as to put a falſe conſtruction upon it; this is an appeal to the learned and judicious. If caſes in ſurgery were oftener to be publiſhed, I ſee no diſadvantage in it, but rather an advantage.

If Mr. *Admonitor*'s deſign is to admoniſh the world by his ignorance, he is quite right; but if by his great knowledge and penetration, he is certainly much in the wrong. But his deſign ſeems wholly levelled againſt me; if that is all, I am ready to acknowledge my inability and unworthineſs of ſo noble a profeſſion. But, be his malignity at heart never ſo great; his deſigns never ſo deep: He has feebleneſs in his hands, and I am above his reach.

Det deus immiti cornua curta bovi.

I have no other deſign but the good of mankind; I have been in the practice of phyſic 15 years; it is what I was brought up to. My practice is warranted with ſucceſs, which is a demonſtration ſufficient for me: For the truth of which, I appeal to my employers. A deſire of doing good is my greateſt incentive, though the practice was always diſagreeable to me; but the ſtudy, as it is ſo nearly connected with natural philoſophy, was always my delight. I will conclude in the words of Mr. *Waller*, as he has it on the maid's tragedy:

Great are my *faults, but glorious is* my *flame.*

PHILIATROS.

DEPOSITIONS.

ON the 22d *April* ult. a ſad accident happened to my ſon, who by a ſtroke from a horſe, had his ſkull fractured, in a moſt dangerous manner; I found him in about an hour after, dead to all appearance, without ſenſe, motion, or ſign of life; and ſome of his brains had run out on the ground where he lay. I took him up, and on my carrying him home, I perceived there was life in him. I immediately ſent for a ſurgeon, at the diſtance of about 5 miles; the child lay all this time ſtupid, and now and then attended with bilious vomiting. On the Doctor's coming, he examined the wound, and at the ſame time there iſſued out about a teaſpoonful of his brains. The Doctor propoſed the removal of the integuments, and trepanning the child, if he found it neceſſary, in order to elevate the bones, and ſaid there was no other way, in which I could reaſonably expect the child to recover, but by relieving the depreſſed brain, and elevating the bones. I acknowledge the juſtice of the operation; but being out of all hopes of the child's life, on ſeeing ſo dreadful a ſpectacle, I thought it uſeleſs to put him to ſo cruel an operation: But through the care and vigilance of the Doctor's judicious applications, the child is now (bleſs GOD) well.

RICHARD OGLESBY.

N. B. We alſo ſaw the Doctor examine the wound, and ſaw the brains come out.

JOSEPH LEWIS.
JOHN LEWIS.

Sworn to before me, one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the peace, for *Goochland* county. *Feb.* 27, 1768. JOSEPH FOLLARD.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt bidder, on* Wedneſday *the 20th of this month, at the dwelling-houſe of the late Capt.* Thomas Reynolds, *in* York,

ALL the houſehold and kitchen furniture, and 10 valuable ſlaves, among which are a good cook wench, and 3 men uſed to go by water. The purchaſers to have twelve months credit for all ſums above 40s. on giving bond and approved ſecurity to

THE EXECUTORS.

N. B. The death of Mrs. *Reynolds* makes it neceſſary to call on thoſe who borrowed money of Capt. *Reynolds*'s eſtate immediately to diſcharge their bonds.

THE ſubſcriber continues carrying on the buſineſs of diſpoſing of any kind of goods and merchandize, for caſh or credit, on commiſſion, at the uſual *per Cent.* which he hopes, being ſo moderate, and his paſt tranſactions ſuch, as will induce all thoſe who have been pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, to continue it. Owners of goods ſent for ſale, may have their bonds and caſh in ſix hours after the concluſion of the ſale, if required, and mentioned before the ſale. He has, as yet, at the concluſion of any ſale, advanced the money when required, without rendering any bad debts, and hopes it will be convenient for him to continue doing it. All goods ſent to be diſpoſed of ſhall be received with the greateſt care from off the veſſels, into a convenient ſtore without the leaſt damage; and all goods ſent to his care, to be conveyed from any one part to another by way of *Norfolk*, ſhall be taken care of and ſtored, by ſuch as intend keeping warehouſes and cranes for that purpoſe; not finding as yet, the goods lodged with him for any other part would pay the expence of keeping ſuch conveniences.

As he intends to continue tranſacting every thing employed in, agreeable to his former Advertiſement, with the utmoſt punctuality and diſpatch, with his endeavours to do every thing for the beſt, for thoſe who are pleaſed to employ him, he hopes the encouragement he has hitherto met with, and deſires it no longer then he deſerves it.

JOSEPH CALVERT.

N. B. As a gentleman, who advertiſes carrying on the ſame buſineſs propoſes keeping a cheſt, to hold the goods till the concluſion of the ſale, in order to enable him to make ſpeedy remittances, it may not be amiſs to acquaint all perſons that may ſend goods to me, to diſpoſe of at public ſale, that if they chooſe, I ſhould make uſe of the ſame method, and the quantity of goods is not too large for a common ſized cheſt, that I will do it; or if they will find the cheſt, I will ſell from the ſmalleſt to the largeſt quantity, and charge no commiſſions; but would not recommend making uſe of any cheſt at all, well knowing the goods will not ſell for ſo much by one third; beſides giving myſelf an opportunity of purchaſing the greateſt part, at a rate that I may make myſelf full ſatisfaction for ſelling at ſo low a commiſſion.

I. C.

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* CHAMBERS.

† POPE.
* ILIAD.
† *Sculteti Armament Chirurg. pag.* 198.
‡ *Coacis Prænotion No.* 500 *charter Tom.* viii *pag.* 181.
§ *Hippoc. Aphor.* 50 *charter Tom.* ix *pag.* 2831.
‖ *Idem in Coacis Prænot. No.* 507, *charter Tom.* viii. *pag.* 882.

¶ *Hilpan. Obſervat. Chirurg. Centur.* iv, *Obſer.* iii. *Page* 287.
† *Livre* x. *Chap.* 23.
‡ *Hildan. Centur. Obſervat.* 13 *Exampl.* 1 *pag.* 21 * *Schomb.*

TAKEN up in *Cumberland*, a brindled pied COW (appears to be very old) marked with a half crop in the right ear, and a ſmooth crop in the left, alſo a brindled BULL yearling, marked with a ſwallow fork in the right ear, and a ſmooth crop in the left. Poſted, and appraiſed, the cow to 2 l. 10s. and the yearling to 15s.

JOHN HUGHES.

TAKEN up in AMHERST, on the *Fluvanna* river, a ſmall bay horſe, with a ſtar in his forehead, and a ſmall underkeel in his left ear, has no perceivable brand. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l.

WILLIAM CABELL, jun.

TAKEN up near the mouth of *Flat* creek, a ſorrel mare, about 4 feet 3 or 4 inches high, a ſwitch tail, and ſmall mane, has a ſtar in her forehead, ſome ſaddle ſpots, but no brand perceivable. She paces and gears, is in good order, and does not appear to be old. Poſted, and appraiſed to 4 l.

BENJAMIN MITCHUM.

TAKEN up in LOUISA, near the [illegible] creek, a black COW, marked with a ſlope and ſlit in the right ear, and the left [illegible] ear. Poſted, and appraiſed to 2 l.

JOHN RICHARDSON.

TAKEN up in GOOCHLAND, [illegible] Peyton's, ſeven BARROWS, mostly [illegible]; ſix of which are marked with a [illegible] and underkeel in the left ear, the other is marked with a ſwallow fork and underkeel in the left ear, and ſlit in the right ear. Poſted, and appraiſed to [illegible].

BENJAMIN SADLER.

TAKEN up in ALBEMARLE, [illegible], about 4 feet 8 inches high, branded on the near ſhoulder A, and on the near buttock B. He is a natural pacer, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, a bob tail and [illegible], ſome white hairs in his forehead, and ſome from on his ſhoulders. Poſted, and appraiſed to 8 l.

WILLIAM VENABLE.

IT is deſired that the officers [illegible] to the late Lieutenant FAUQUIER, will [illegible] when they were anſwerable to [illegible] until the 1st of MARCH laſt [illegible] on the approaching General Court, that the executors may be enabled to compleat the [illegible] of his affairs with the [illegible].

WILLIAM NELSON,
ROBERT CARTER,
PEYTON RANDOLPH,
GEORGE WYTHE.

[illegible], March 24, 1768.

THE ſubſcriber purpoſes [illegible] to meet with proper encouragement, to be intends following [illegible] and ſhall ſide in all his tranſactions [illegible] of the commiſſion, all [illegible] and conſignation, at private [illegible] ſale, for cash or credit, the commiſſion very reaſonable; but the ſum total of [illegible] he never ſo ſmall, not to exceed three per cent. the owners of the goods giving [illegible] inſtructions, which ſhall be punctually obſerved by; if ordered to be ſold for cash, their money ready and accounts [illegible] in two days from the concluſion of the ſale; and for credit, bonds and notes ready to deliver up in three days, and great care taken no bad debts are made. Goods intended to be conveyed from one port to another, by way of Rappahannock, will be received at convenient wharfs and warehouſes, from [illegible] into the warehouſes by cranes, and ſhall likewiſe ſhipped in the ſame order; letters with which ſhall be duly anſwered, and ſent him with the goods, making the freight and charges very moderate. Any kind of buſineſs employed in, ſhall be tranſacted moſt punctually. Advice from any quarter, with the premium lodged, policies of inſurance ſhall be made out, and regiſtered, and the ſame regard paid to the intereſt of the aſſured, as if he was preſent himſelf; as I intend tranſacting every thing employed in, conformable to inſtructions, with the utmoſt punctuality; and my endeavours to remove many inconveniencies, traders up the country, and in *Maryland*, and elſewhere, labour under, hope to meet with their approbation, and ſhall want no conveniencies for [illegible] any kind of merchandize, &c.

WILLIAM M'CAA.

N. B. I keep a cheſt purpoſely to put [illegible] ſold in, till the concluſion of the ſale; [illegible] I ſhall give no offence to any pur[illegible], as only by this neceſſary precaution, [illegible] enabled to comply with the above, [illegible] make a fixed reſolution not to break.

A COMMITTEE of the MISSISSIPPI COMPANY are to meet at *Weſtmoreland* court-houſe in VIRGINIA, the 15th of APRIL 1768; where all the members of the company are requeſted to attend, as affairs of the greateſt importance are then to be determined.

RICHARD PARKER,
THOMAS LUD: LEE,
FR'. LIGHTFOOT LEE,
} Members of the Committee.

Maryland, Prince George's county, March 13th, 1768.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, on *Tueſday* night, the eighth of this inſtant, a large ſorrel mare, near 15 hands high, branded on the near buttock I S; ſhe has a large ſtar on her forehead, paces very faſt, inclinable to trot up hill, takes up one of her hind feet as if a little lame, ſhod all fours, and her ſhoes corked, her make before, and countenance, much reſembles a ſtallion. Whoever brings her to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have eight dollars reward, with reaſonable charges if brought home, and ſixteen for the thief if he be convicted, paid by

HUMPHREY BELT.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY for diſpoſing of a tract of land, ſlaves, &c. belonging to the ſubſcriber; and as it is intended to raiſe a ſum of money to diſcharge my debts, I hope it will meet with that encouragement due to an honeſt intention.

Priz.		Val
1 of	250	250
1 of	75	75
1 of	25	25
4 of	5	20
4 of	5	20
4 of	10	40

To conſiſt of a valuable tract of land, lying in *Spotſylvania* county, on one of the branches of *Mattapony* river, containing four hundred acres, with pretty good improvements, *viz.* a dwelling houſe with four rooms on a floor, kitchen, dairy, meat-houſe, &c. a garden about one hundred and fifty feet ſquare, and yard newly paled in. There are three valuable apple orchards on the ſaid land. The plantation now rents for 12 l. *per annum.*

A Negro man named *John*, about 37 years old, *Virginia* born, and an extraordinary good planter.

A Negro wench named *Judy*, about 34 years old; ſhe has had four children, and it is imagined is now with child.

To conſiſt of valuable houſhold furniture, to be valued by three indifferent men.

To conſiſt of cattle, to be valued as above.

To conſiſt of horſes, to be valued as above.

450 l.

15 Prizes.
75 Blanks.
90 Tickets, at 5 l. each, is 450 l.

The land may be entered upon the firſt day of *December* next, and the Negroes, &c. will be delivered at the ſame time.—The drawing will be at *Fredericksburg*, on the firſt day of the next *June* fair. The managers are Mr. *Roger Dixon*, and Mr. *Alexander Wedrow*, of whom tickets may be had; as alſo of Capt. *William Johnſton*, near *Caroline* court-houſe, Mr. *Francis Coleman* at the ſaid court-houſe, Mr. *Benjamin Johnſton* in *Fredericksburg*, and the ſubſcriber at *Culpeper* court-houſe.

RICHARD JOHNSTON.

THIS is to give NOTICE, that the executors of Col. CHARLES CARTER, deceaſed, will attend at Mr. ANTHONY HAY's in *Williamſburg*, from the firſt until the 6th day of *May* next, to receive the payments then due upon bond, from the ſeveral purchaſers of ſlaves ſold by them on the 9th day of *November* 1767, at *Rocky Ridge* in *Cheſterfield* county. And the executors further deſire thoſe Gentlemen to whom any of the bonds then taken were paid, to attend there alſo, if they find it needful, that the executors may be diſcharged for their value. For, as it is their duty to ſettle the teſtator's accounts, and ſatisfy his creditors, as ſoon as poſſible, they will not only expect, but inſiſt upon a punctuality, as well in the firſt as laſt payments; otherwiſe the bonds will be immediately put into the hands of a diligent attorney.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY, for diſpoſing of ſtaunry LANDS, and SLAVES, CATTLE and HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, belonging to the ſubſcriber.

Priz.		Val To.
1 of	500	500
2 of	55	110
1 of	50	50
2 of	45	90
20 of	5	100
20 of	5	100

Contents of the Prizes.

A PIECE of LAND, in *Spotſylvania*, near the centre of the county, containing, by eſtimation, 360 acres; whereon is upwards of 500 l. in buildings, moſtly new, for which I, about 7 years ago, refuſed 750 l. a remarkable place for a public houſe, the court, when removed from FREDERICKSBURG, was uſually held, and where, in all likelihood, if ever finally removed, would be placed; ſeveral fine young orchards, apple, peach and cherry.

A Negro man *Saw*, about 40 years old, coſt me 56 l. about 6 months ago. A lot and houſes in *Fairfax* town, *Culpeper* county, ſold for 45 l. cash 7 years ago, for which I gave £. 68-16-8 about one year ago.

A piece of land on *Mattapony* river, ſuppoſed to contain one hundred acres, coſt me 50 l. a few months ago.

A Negro man *Africk*, about 30 years old, has one bandy knee, a truſty healthy fellow. A Negro girl *Nan*, about 12 years old; I paid 33 l. cash for her about two years ago, a fine girl, raiſed in the houſe, and very handy.

Twenty lots of cattle to be valued after drawing.

Valuable houſhold furniture, chiefly new.

46 Prizes 950 l.
144 Blanks

190 Tickets at 5 l. £. 950.

The drawing to be at the *Long Ordinary* in *Fredericksburg*, on *Wedneſday* the 26th of *October* next. The managers will be inſerted in the next; and of whom tickets may be had.

The lands may be entered on immediately after drawing, and the other particulars delivered up. No impoſition can be ſuggeſted, the whole being rated greatly below their real value. The reaſon of my falling on this method, is (I aſſure the public) to pay my debts, and prevent impoſition; and that too prevailing cuſtom falling on me, which has on many in this colony, *i. e.* ſelling eſtates by execution at half value. As this I affirm is the motive, I hope it will meet with applauſe and encouragement. Such who will oblige me in forwarding it, ſhall aſſuredly meet with the unfeigned thanks of

Their moſt obedient humble ſervant,
BENJAMIN JOHNSTON.

I HAVE BOATS for the uſe of my ferry equal to any in the Government, and can give greater diſpatch than any Ferry-keeper upon *Potomack* river, except Capt. Laidler; I will venture to affirm that I can ſet over twenty horſes and three carriages in an hour. GERARD HOOE.

Cumberland county, *March* 1, 1768.

JANUS, STANDS this ſeaſon at my ſtable in order for covering Mares, at four pounds the ſeaſon, or twenty-ſix ſhillings the leap. Thoſe who do not pay the money upon taking away their mares, muſt give bond, payable in *October* next. I have exceeding good paſturage; but will not be anſwerable for any mares getting away, tho' great care ſhall be taken to prevent it. RICHARD JAMES.

To be SOLD to the higheſt bidder, before Mr. Hay's *door, in* Williamſburg, *on* Monday *the 2d day of* May *next,*

THE VALUABLE PLANTATION at *Capahoſick* ferry, *York* county, containing about thirteen hundred acres, ſo well known, and ſo particularly deſcribed for its many advantages in a former advertiſement. The time of payment to be made agreeable to the Hon. *William Nelſon*, Eſq; who will make it eaſy to the purchaſer. FRANCIS WILLIS.

Feb. 10, 1768.

To be SOLD at private SALE,

SIX THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED ACRES of LAND in *Charles City*, pleaſantly ſituate on *James* river; a ſeat of land, with a water griſt mill, on *Appomattox* creek, in the ſame county; and two thouſand acres of land in *Halifax* county. They will be ſold altogether, or divided into lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Theſe lands were the eſtate of Mr. *William Acraman*, and are conveyed to us (with others his truſtees) for the benefit of his creditors. As a ſale of theſe lands has been before advertiſed, but not effected; it may not be improper, to aſſure the public, that an abſolute diſpoſal of them is now intended; and that we ſhall be ready at all times to receive propoſals for the whole, or any part thereof. Mr. *John Chriſtian* (who lives thereon) will ſhew the land in *Charles City*.

RICHARD RANDOLPH,
JAMES BELSCHES,
JERMAN BAKER.

To be SOLD, on twelve Months Credit,

ABOUT Twenty Thouſand Acres of Land, in the County of *Amherſt*. Apply to Col. *William Cabell* (who is Attorney for the Executors of *Philip Grymes*, Eſq; deceaſed, and lives in the County of *Amherſt*) or to the Subſcriber.

LUNSFORD LOMAX, jun.

N. B. An indiſputable Title will be made, and the Land laid off in Lots, as may ſuit the Purchaſers.

Charles City, September 28, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, on *Dan* river, near *Boyd*'s ford, containing 1010 acres, about 500 of which is very fine low ground. Alſo, one other tract, on *Banifter* river, containing about 1300 acres; five hundred of this is fine low ground, and the high land extremely good; both theſe plantations are in excellent order for cropping, with fifteen hands each. Alſo, one other tract, of about 1600 acres, in *Brunſwick* county, near *Sweed*'s bridge; this is fine lively land, about 30 miles from *Belling's Point*, has good buildings on it, and is in good order for cropping. On the above plantations, are large ſtocks, and about ſixty negroes; the whole or any part of which will be ſold. For terms apply to

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

SCHEME *of a* LOTTERY

FOR diſpoſing of one hundred and forty-ſix LOTS of LAND, in the town of *Hanover*, yet remaining unſold. The leaſt valuable of the lots, according to the prices of thoſe moſt remote from the river, which have been ſold, not being leſs than £. 20, which is far below what was given for ſeveral near the river.

	lots	value £.	rents £.
Inſpection at *Page*'s, 5 lots at 12 years purchaſe,	-	840	30
Do. *Crutchfield*'s, 6 lots at do.	-	720	60
		1560	130
Lots improved, each half acre, at £. 20 -	135	2700	
		4260	130
137 Prizes. - - - -	137		
263 Blanks.			
400 Tickets at £. 10 each,	-	4000	

The ſaid lottery will be drawn at Mr. *Anthony Hay*'s in *Williamſburg*, on the 4th *Thurſday* in *April* 1768. Thoſe who do not pay for their tickets on the day of drawing, may give bond to carry intereſt from that time. *Robert Carter Nicholas, George Wythe, Thomas Everard, John Thompſon*, and *Jerman Baker*, Eſqrs; managers, or any one of whom tickets may be had, and of the ſubſcriber. MANN PAGE.

THE executors having been diſappointed in the SALE of the LANDS belonging to the late Col. *Charles Carter*, of *King George* (according to act of aſſembly impowering them) at Mr. *Nearſ*'s ordinary, on the 15th of *September*, as before advertiſed, give notice, that they are at all times ready to treat with any perſon for any part of thoſe Lands, *to wit*, Fourteen thouſand acres of valuable high and low grounds, in *Prince William* and *Fauquier* counties, on *Broad Run* and *Kettle Run*, which are already laid off in lots; within 25 or 30 miles of public navigation, both on *Potowmack* and *Rappahannock* rivers, abounding in fine ſtreams for mills, and timber very ſufficient for all kinds of plantation uſe.

LANDON CARTER.
tf CHARLES CARTER.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by WILLIAM RIND, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, on the main Street. All Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE [illegible] 12/6 per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inſerted for 3/. the Firſt Week, and 2/. each Time after: And long ones in Proportion.